



# MCPD 2025 Digital Twin

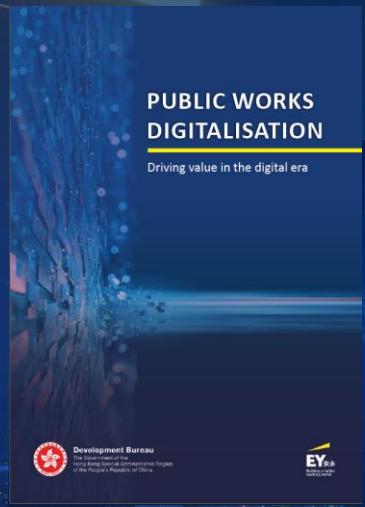
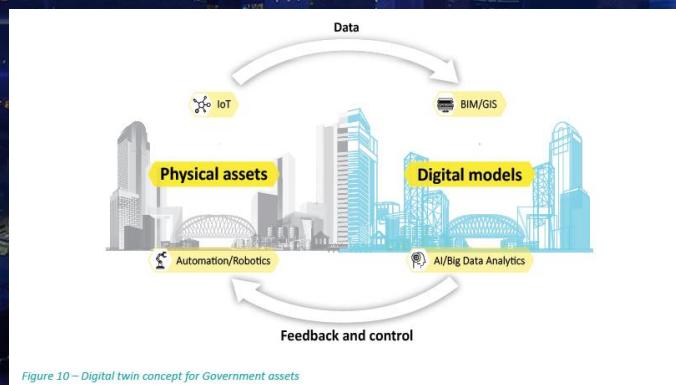
# Origin of Digital Twin

A Digital Twin is a virtual model of a physical object, system, or process that uses real-time data to simulate and optimize its performance. The term was first introduced by Dr. Michael Grieves in 2002 in the context of Product Lifecycle Management (PLM), with early applications in the aerospace industry, notably by NASA. Over time, the concept has expanded into broader sectors such as manufacturing, smart cities, healthcare, and energy, becoming a key technology for digital transformation across industries.

# Digital Twin Initiatives from the DEVB

It is the Government's long-term objective to build a digital twin for each Government asset. A digital twin is a realistic digital representation of physical assets by real-time data collected through IoT and remote sensors. The data is translated into useful information and is represented in the digital models with support by BIM and GIS, etc.

With information generated in a digital model, which can be further enhanced by advanced technologies such as AI and Big Data Analytics, Works Departments will be able to make informed decisions and provide feedback and control to the physical assets, which in turn could be automated. The digital twins would achieve better information, better efficiency and better outcomes for asset management.



# Digital Twin Initiatives from the CIC

## A DIGITAL TWIN

is a virtual representation of real-world entities and processes, synchronised at a specified frequency and fidelity.

**數碼分身** 是現實世界實體和流程的虛擬分身，以特定的頻率和擬真度與現實世界進行同步更新。



Digital twin systems transform business by accelerating holistic understanding, optimal decision-making, and effective action.

數碼分身系統能通過了解大局、制定最佳決策和有效行動達至業務革新。



Digital twins use real-time and historical data to represent the past and present and simulate predicted futures.

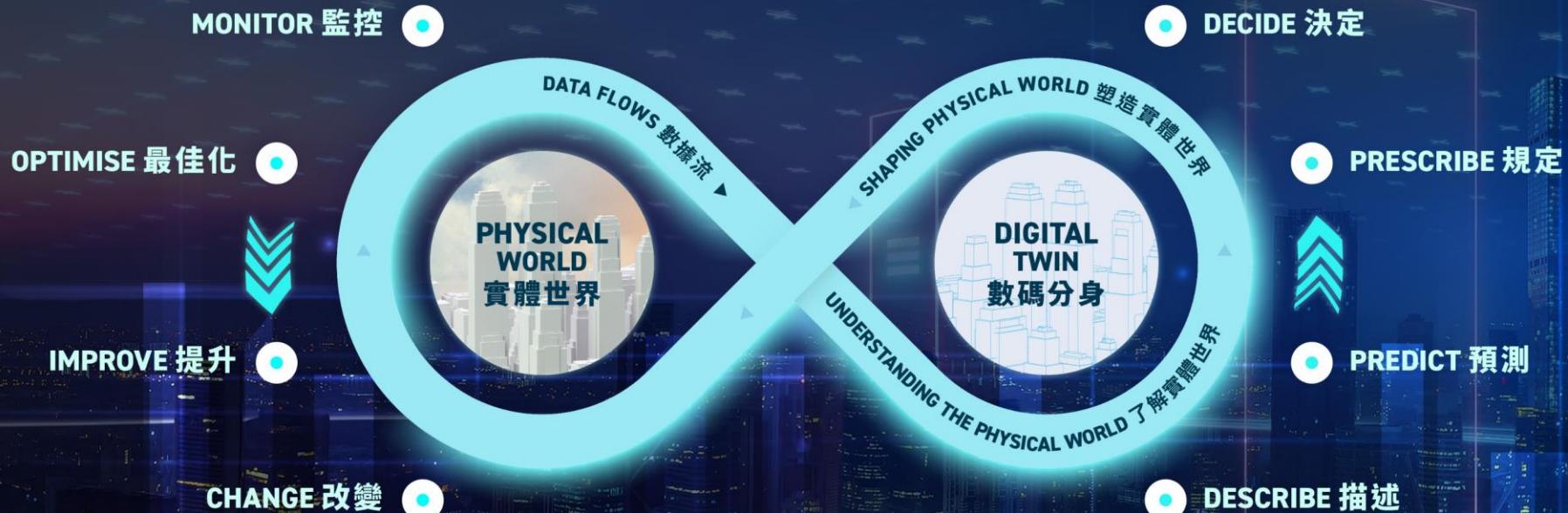
數碼分身利用實時和過往數據，並模擬及預測未來。



Digital twins connect physical object and virtual (digital) model, processes and services. Pairing allows analysis of data, monitoring of systems and optimising performance.

數碼分身連接實體對象和虛擬（數碼）模型、流程及服務。配對允許分析數據、監控系統及優化性能。

# Connection Between Physical and Digital World



Digital Twin

# Digital Twin Components

## APPLICATIONS 應用

Applications for Design and Planning  
設計和規劃應用

Smart Control Centre  
智能控制中心

Digital Twin / Dashboard  
數碼分身/儀表板

Applications for Construction  
工程施工應用

Applications for Asset/Facility Management  
資產/設施管理應用

## DATABASE 數據庫

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / DATA ANALYTICS  
人工智能 / 數據分析



Integrated Common Data Environment (Database)  
綜合數碼共用平台 (數據庫)

## DATA 數據

Documents  
文件

BIM & GIS Models  
建築信息模型  
和地理信息  
系統模型

Photo & Videos  
照片和影片

Project Progress Data  
工程進度數據

Sensor Data  
傳感器數據

Data from Other Sources  
來自其他  
來源的數據

## REALTIME DATA COLLECTION DEVICES/INFRASTRUCTURE 實時數據收集設備/基礎設施

Network (WAN, LAN, 5G)  
網絡  
(廣域網、局域網、5G)

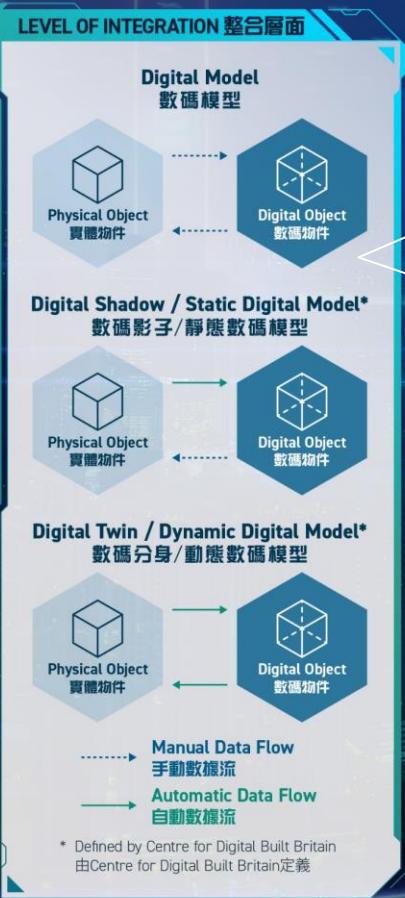
Building Management System Sensors and IoT  
樓宇管理系統傳感器  
和物聯網

AI Cameras  
人工智能相機

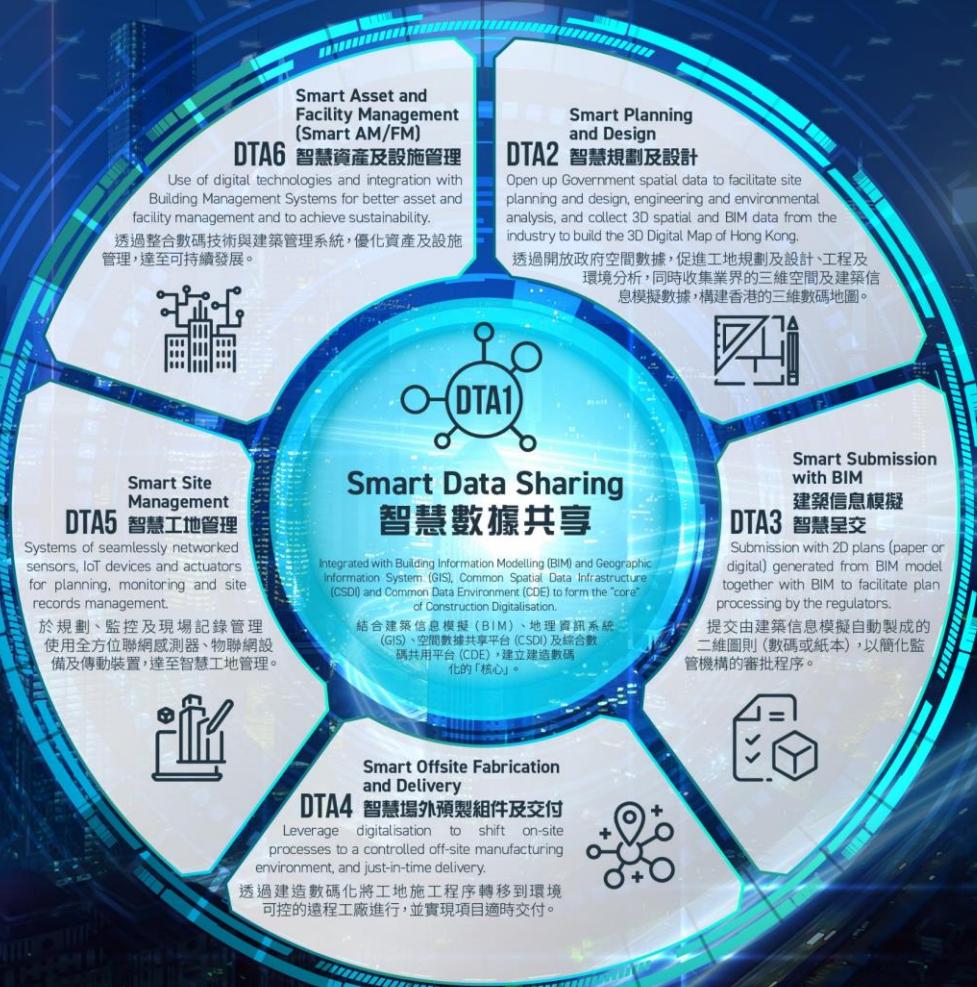
Other Data Capture Devices  
(e.g. Drone, Laser Scanner, RFID Gun)  
其他數據採集設備  
(例如無人機、激光掃描儀、RFID 槍)

Wearables  
可穿戴設備

## 數碼分身領域



Please pay attention to the data flow in different scenarios.



# Showcases of Digital Twin Adoptions

*(Click below to open the YouTube link)*

- Language of presentation: Cantonese/English
- Presentation materials: English

Remarks: For quiz questions related to the showcases below, the answers should be able to find from the presentation materials of the speakers. If needed, you may use the live translation feature in YouTube to translate the verbal Cantonese into English.

1. **Trunk Road T2 and Cha Kwo Ling Tunnel - Synergising Construction Innovation and Digitalisation (Duration 51:35)**
2. **Team Collaboration through Smart Platforms: Connecting future in the 1601 Kwu Tung Station Project (Duration 17:46)**
3. **Empowering Smart Airport City with Digital Twin (Duration 29:16)**